Sl.No.: M20051 Sub. Code: 1010405

VINAYAKA MISSION'S RESEARCH FOUNDATION, SALEM (Deemed to be University)

THIRD MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION – February 2019 PART II

OBSTETRICS – PAPER I

Tin	ne : Three hours Maximum : 50 marks
	Answer ALL questions Draw diagrams wherever necessary
$\mathbf{SECTION} - \mathbf{A}$	
I. A	Answer briefly: $(10 \times 1 = 10)$
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	The verticomental diameter measures cm. The drug of choice for active management of third stage of labour is During cord compression the type of deceleration is intake prevents neural tube defects. The tumour marker in trophoblastic disease is drug is the first line treatment for hypertension in pregnancy. A fundal height of less than weeks suggests IUGR. Hemoglobin less than gms in the second trimester is called anemia by WHO. Primary pulmonary hypertension is an absolute for pregnancy. Glucose challenge test level more that mg/dl is called as GDM.
SECTION – B	
II.	Write briefly: $(5 \times 2 = 10)$
12. 13. 14.	Active management of III stage of labour. Definition of anemia in pregnancy. What is pre-eclampsia? Most common complications of footling presentation. How will you prevent Rh isoimmunisation?
	SECTION – C
III.	Write short notes on: $(3 \times 5 = 15)$
17.	Antihypertensives in PIH. Parenteral Iron therapy. Maternal complications in multiple pregnancy.
	SECTION – D
I. V	Vrite essays on: (8+7=15)
19.	How will you diagnose iron deficiency anemia in pregnancy and How will you

- manage anemia (IDA) at 26 weeks of pregnancy?

 20. A woman presents at 36 weeks pregnancy with breech presentation. How will
- 20. A woman presents at 36 weeks pregnancy with breech presentation. How will you diagnose and manage?